St Mary's Primary School

Writing Priority Objectives
Familiar Recent New

Year	Objective	Key Terminology for Pupils	Autumn:	Spring:	Summer:
R	Early learning goal: Will write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. Spell words by identifying sounds in them and represent the sounds with a letter or letters. Write simple sentences and phrases which can be read by others. Children have the opportunity to practise their developing writing skills throughout the continuous provision, direct teaching and objective led teaching (adults engaging with children in the environment).	Gross motor skills Spr / Sum Funky fingers (Fine motor skills) Aut / Spr /Sum Handwriting Sum Language (in spoken form) Aut / Spr / Sum Phonics (relating letters to sounds) Aut / Spr / Sum Sentence Sum Capital letter Sp/Sum Finger spaces Sp/Sum Full stops Sp/Sum	Aut 1 Theme: emotion coaching Establishing rules and routines, learning how to express and regulate their emotions. Language focus: listening and responding and using language to recreate roles in play. Writing: names and initial sounds Phase 1 phonics work Aut 2 Theme: seasonal changes Developing past and present including families. Language focus: forming questions, who, what, when and why. Writing: initial sounds and beginning CVC words Phase 2 phonics work	Spr 1 Theme: traditional tales Learning familiar tales, recounting narratives and adapting in their own play. Language focus: expressing myself effectively by organising sequencing and clarifying my ideas. Writing: CVC words including phase 2 digraphs Phase 3 phonics work Spr 2 Theme: celebrations (in context of seasonal changes) Understanding similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities. Language focus: expressing ideas, including the use past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions. Writing: phrases, CVC words including phase 3 digraphs Phase 3 phonics (sounds in longer words)	Sum 1 Theme: growing Exploring the natural world around us and understanding important processes and changes. Language focus: Confidently talk about learning, using new vocabulary. Children can independently start using vocabulary which has been introduced to them in learning. Writing: phrases, captions, lists and sentences Phase 4 phonics work Sum 2 Theme: healthy living and roles in society Knowing the importance of and how to keep a healthy body and to talk about the lives of the people around me and their roles in society. Language focus: Children can make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify understanding. Children can engage in back and forth conversation with their teachers and peers. Writing: sentences with CCVC and CVCC words, using all sounds taught

1 Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, the Year One Common Exception words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year O		Key Terminology for Pupils	Objective	Autumn:	Spring:	Summer:
Playable atternate at contents	surrequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common exception words, that have already been taught, and makes phonically belausible attempts at others. Earnest spaces between words. Surrectly at a table, holding a benedil using correct pencil grip in their preferred hand. Cal Most letters sit correctly on the ne. Can write all lower case letters, tarting and finishing in the correct blace. Most are correctly formed coording to school policy. Composes a sentence orally before writing it. Spring Correctly uses, 'and' to join clauses and to complete lists. Most simple sentences and many ompound sentences are	Sum Pencil GripAut / Spr / Sum Conjunction Aut / Spr / Sum Capital LetterAut / Spr / Sum Full StopAut / Spr / Sum Question Mark Aut / Spr / Sum Sentence Aut / Spr / Sum	Can usually correctly spell high frequency words at L&S Phase 5 and the Year One Common Exception words, that have already been taught, and makes phonically plausible attempts at others. Leaves spaces between words. Sits correctly at a table, holding a pencil using correct pencil grip in their preferred hand. Most letters sit correctly on the line. Can write all lower case letters, starting and finishing in the correct place. Most are correctly formed according to school policy. Composes a sentence orally before writing it. Spring Correctly uses, 'and' to join clauses and to complete lists. Most simple sentences and many compound sentences are	Week 1: Writing to entertain. Guru Hargobind. Grammar: Capital letter, Full Stop, Sentence. Week 2: Writing to entertain. Duni Chan. Grammar: Capital letter, Full Stop, Sentence. Week 3: Writing to inform - questions. Nurses. Grammar: Capital letter, Full Stop, Question, Question Mark. Week 4: Writing to inform. Who works in a hospital? Grammar: Capital letter, Full Stop, Sentence. Week 5 and 6: Writing to entertain. Mary Seacole. Grammar: Capital letter, Full Stop, Sentence. Week 7 and 8: Writing to entertain. Florence Nightingale. Grammar: Conjunctions - 'and'. Week 9: Writing to entertain. Superkid. Grammar: Conjunctions - 'if' and 'when' as repetitive sentences. Week 10 - NA Science Week 11: Writing to express. Grammar: Conjunctions - 'if' and 'when' as repetitive sentences. Week 12 - NA Science Grammar: Conjunctions - 'and'.	Week 1 and 2: To write to Entertain. RE - Story of the Prophet and the Tiny Ants. Grammar re-cap: Conjunctions 'and' & 'but. Grammar new: Conjunctions 'because'. (Values at the end.) Week 3 and 4: To write to entertain. The suitcase. Grammar re-cap: Question Marks. Grammar new: Using adjectives to describe. (Suitcase, tea cup, cabin, mountains. Setting description of animal's home.) Week 5: To write to entertain. The welcome. Week 6: 2 days answering question so far, ready to plan our DT what a house needs. Week 7 and 8: To write to inform. Recount of a local walk. Week 9: To write to inform. What does a house need -	Week 1 and 2 To write to Entertain. RE - Story of the Lost Sheep. Grammar re-cap: Sentences and Punc. Grammar new: Time Conjunctions Week 3: To write to entertain. The Colour Monster. Grammar new: When as a conjunction to explain. Week 4 and 5: To write to entertain. The Colour Monster Goes to school. Grammar re-cap: Questions, because, and. Grammar new: NA Consolidation Week 6: To write to express and entertain. Songs and Rhymes. Grammar re-cap: full stops, phonics. Grammar new: NA poetry Week 7 & 8: To write to inform. How are you feeling today? (Molly Potter) Grammar re-cap: Grammar new: Week 9 and 10: To write to entertain. Traditional Tale - Goldilocks. Grammar re-cap: and & because to extend sentences. Grammar new: Week 11 and 12: To write to entertain. Traditional Tale - Beware of the Bears. Grammar re-cap: and & because to extend sentences. (TGDS - so when, but)

Year	Objective	Key Terminology for Pupils	Autumn:	Spring:	Summer:

Form capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters. YES

Can check their work makes sense and spot and correct errors in verb forms. YES

Can use some taught adverbs ('-ly) YES

Use present and past tense mostly correctly and consistently

Use coordination (eg: or/and/but) and some subordination (when/if/that/because) to join clauses.

Demarcate most sentences in their writing with capital letters and full stops, and use question marks correctly when required. YES

Can correctly structure and punctuate statements, commands, questions and exclamations. Most are punctuated correctly.

Capital Letter

Full Stop

Question Mark

Sentence

Present tense

Past tense Aut,

Adverbs

Coordinating Conjunction (and, but, so) Aut,

Subordinating
Conjunction
(because, when, after, before, if) Aut,

Comma (lists) Aut (adj),

Preposition

Command

Question Aut,

Statement

Exclamation

Noun Phrases Aut,

Week 1 and 2:

To write to inform. RE - Diwali Grammar recap: Capital Letter, Full stop. Grammar new: Conjunctions - and & adjectives.

Week 3:

To Write to inform. Big book of families. Grammar recap: Capital Letter, Full stop. Grammar new: Conjunctions - but.

Week 4 and 5:

To write to entertain. Narrative- recount of trip.

Grammar recap: Capital Letter, Full stop. Grammar new: and but so because

Week 6 and 7:

To write to entertain. Narrative Setting description Paddington - forest fire. Grammar recap: Capital Letter, Full stop. Grammar new: Adjective and Adverb

Week 8 and 9:

To write to entertain. Narrative Setting description Paddington - busy train station. Grammar recap: Capital Letter, Full stop. Grammar new: Adjective and Adverb

Week 10 and 11:

To write to express. Diary in role as Mo Farrah.

Grammar recap: Capital Letter, Full stop, Conjunctions -'When'.

Grammar new: Past tense, Questions.

Week 12:

To write to express. Answering the project question.

Grammar recap: Capital Letter, Full stop. Grammar new: conjunctions - because, so, if.

Week 13 and 14:

Writing to entertain. The nativity story.

Grammar recap: Grammar new:

Week 1 and 2:

To write to entertain. RE - The Story of the Zam Zam Well.

Grammar re-cap: Adverbs How Hagga moved searching for water.

Grammar new: Preposition, opening sentences from the narrative with where they happened.

Week 3:

Writing to express - poetry. Deep in the rainforest poem. Developing language for rainforests.

Grammar re-cap: Prepositions - where the animals are. (From tree to tree, up high etc.)

Week 4 and 5:

Writing to entertain. Setting description of rainforest and narrative based on 'Blown Away'. (No outsiders.)

Grammar focus: Adverbs and noun phrases

Week 6:

Writing to express - Informal letter. In role as the Penguin, chdn write a letter to the Rainforest creatures to thank them for their kindness in helping them.

Grammar re-cap: Conjunctions already taught: and but because.

Grammar new: Conjunctions not yet taught : when, if.

Week 7 and 8:

Writing to inform. How do humans use the Amazon rainforest?

Use information from geography work already learned and taught:Tribes who live there, Farms, Homes, Trade.

Grammar re-cap: Questions for sub headings. Grammar new'ish': Conjunctions: and, but, because, so, when, after, before, if.

Week 9:

Writing to entertain. The Great Kapok Tree – A new page for the book.

Grammar re-cap: Speech Punctuation - Commands beginning with verbs. E.g. "Don't

Week 1 and 2:

To write to entertain. RE - The Story of Hanukkah

Grammar re-cap: Adjectives

Grammar newer: Adverbs and Verbs Focus (Edit and Improve their own writing)

Week 3 and 4:

Writing to express - poetry. Feeling. Grammar re-cap: Adjectives

Grammar new: Conjunctions - when and if. (Edit and Improve their own writing)

Week 5 and 6:

Writing to entertain.Ravi's Roar Grammar re-cap: Adverbs Grammar new: Exclamations

(Edit and Improve their own writing)

Week 7 and 8:

Writing to entertain. Relaxed Ravi.
Grammar re-cap: Conjunctions, Adverbs
Grammar new: NA (1 week)
(Edit and Improve their own writing &
opportunities to innovate/develop own
elements to narratives)

Week 9 and 10:

Writing to inform. Self-care books. Grammar re-cap: Exclamations as sub headings. Grammar new: **Writing Lists:** x, x, x and x. (Edit and Improve their own writing & opportunities to innovate/develop own

Week 11 and 12:

elements to info texts)

Writing to entertain. Alternative version. Grammar re-cap:

Grammar new:

(Edit and Improve their own writing & opportunities to innovate/develop own elements to narratives)

Week 12: Writing to inform. Science investigation write up. How does exercise affect my body? **OR Writing to express. Answering project question.**

		cut down the tree." the bravest monkey	Grammar re-cap:
		whispered gently.	Grammar new:
		Week 10 and 11:	
		Writing to inform. Science – Living things and	
		their habitats.	
		Grammar re-cap: Grammar new:	
		Grammar new.	
		Week 12: RE Salvation.	

Year	Objective	Key Terminology for Pupils	Autumn:	Spring:	Summer:
3	Correctly uses an apostrophe for most common contractions and singular possession. Sometimes correctly used for plural possession.	Sentence Aut Question Aut	Week 1 & 2 - Writing to inform. RE. Grammar Focus Conjunctions - and. but. so. because, as.	Week 1 & 2 - Writing to inform Grammar Focus: Conjunctions, Prepositions and Time adverbials	Week 1 & 2 - Writing to Express - Beegu Grammar Focus: Conjunctions (when if because - while until even though), Prepositions, adverbials for
	singular possession. Sometimes correctly used for plural possession. Handwriting is legible and most words are joined. Letters and taught joins are formed correctly according to school policy and all words sit on the line. Can write a range of sentence types (commands, statements, questions, exclamations) and structure these correctly. Can express time and place using adverbs, conjunctions and prepositions: Coordinating (and, but, so, or) and taught simple subordinating conjunctions (because, if, that, when, after, before, while, until, also, even though) are used independently throughout writing to create compound and complex sentences. With reminders, these are used to begin sentences as well as to extend them. Continues to demarcate sentences correctly, using the range of punctuation taught in KS1	Question Aut Full Stop Aut Comma (lists) Command Statement Exclamation Aut Adverb Aut Preposition Aut Coordinating Conjunction Aut Subordinating Conjunctions (because, when, if, after, before) Aut New Subordinating Conjunctions (while, until, even though) Aut Apostrophe Contraction Possession Expanded Noun Phrase Aut Adverbial Phrase Aut	Conjunctions - and. but. so. because, as. Prepositions - show place and time. Weeks 3-5 - Writing to entertain. Medusa and Perseus. Grammar Focus Adverbs, expanded noun phrases, prepositions. Weeks 6 & 7 - Writing to express. Diary of an ancient Greek. Grammar Focus Questions, Exclamations, conjunctions. Week 8 & 9 - Writing to express. Spartan and Greek Life comparisons. Grammar Focus Conjunctions athat explain why and conjunctions that extend. Week 10 & 11 - Writing to inform. British Democracy. Grammar Focus conjunctions in frontal and middle position. Week 12 - Writing to express. Answering project question. Grammar Focus: Persuasive language???	adverbials Week 3 & 4 - Poetry Grammar Focus: Expanded Noun Phrases, Adverbs Week 5 & 6 - Narrative (Oliver's Vegetables) Grammar Focus: Punctuation for direct speech Week 7 & 8 - Writing to inform: Explaining where our food comes from Grammar Focus: Conjunctions, Apostrophes Week 9 & 10 - Writing to inform: Instructions (Recipes) Grammar Focus: Prepositions/Time Adverbials Summer Term: - Opportunities to innovate/develop own elements to narratives (creating settings, characters and plot) - Organising paragraphs around a theme - Organisational devices in non-narrative writing (headings and subheadings)	while until even though), Prepositions, adverbials for how and when. Week 3 & 4 Writing to inform - We are Family Grammar Focus: New conjunctions - however, even though, although. Apostrophe for possession. Week 5 & 6 Writing to entertain Little Elliot, Big family. Grammar Focus: Expanded Noun Phrases , Speech Punctuation, Adverbial Openers. Week 7 & 8 Writing to express. Poetry - Under the Love Umbrella - Davina Bell. Grammar Focus: Week 9 & 10 Writing to express and entertain - Narrative, Stoneage BoyDiary. Grammar Focus: Apostrophes for possession. The fishermen's spears etc. Contracted words (Informal voice of character: she'll be pleased. I won't do it. etc) Week 11 & 12 Writing to inform and entertain. Science Light information text. (Possibly humorous in the style of Horrible Science.) Grammar Focus: Sentence Types: Exclamation, Command, Question (These would be good as subheadings for the text about light.)

Year	Objective	Key Terminology for Pupils	Autumn:	Spring:		Summer:
4	Possessive apostrophe used for regular and irregular plurals, sometimes after reminding. With reminders, an effective mixture of sentence types is used. Subordinating conjunctions are used to create complex sentences. Pronouns are consistently used to avoid repetition and aid cohesion and clarity. Taught conjunctions (since, although, however, in addition, as, meanwhile), adverbs and prepositions are used to express time and clause. These are independently used to begin sentences as well as to extend them. With reminders, fronted adverbials are used to add variety to sentence openings, develop plot/link information and develop descriptions of settings/characters.	Sentence Adverb Preposition Coordinating Conjunction Subordinating Conjunction Possessive apostrophe Pronouns (for clarity) Fronted Adverbial Commas for clarity	Week 1 and 2 To write to inform. Sikhism the 5 Ks. Grammar Recap: Conjunctions. Grammar New: Time adverbials & conjunctions (when he was, one day, three days later, after he heard) Week 3 and 4: Romulus and Remus Grammar Recap: Adverbs. Grammar New: Direct speech. Story section: argument between brothers Week 5 and 6: Writing to entertain. Boudicca Character Description. Grammar Recap: Expanded noun phrases - Adjectives. Grammar New: Pronouns and Synonyms. Week 7: Writing to inform. Gladiators. Grammar Recap: Adjectives. Grammar New: Possessive apostrophes. (The gladiator's swords were mashed from xxxx. fighter's weapons, slave's curse etc. (You wouldn't want to be a Roman Gladiator. Not taught 2021/22 due to Viney Hill residential Week 8 and 9: Writing to express Boudicca's Speech. Grammar Recap: powerful verbs/emotive language Grammar New: Modal Verbs. Week 10 and 11: Writing to inform. Celtic warrior description. Grammar Recap: Possessive apostrophe.	1. 2. 3. 4. 6.	Narrative: Tower to the sun x2 weeks Prepositions Narrative: Energy Island x 2 weeks Fronted Adverbials AND commas for clarity (after an adverbial) Poetry: Renewable Power x 2 weeks Vocabulary focus? Precise verbs and nouns. Writing to inform: Wind Power x 2 weeks Conjunctions (to explain, sequence and contrast) including commas for clarity after a subordinate clause. Writing to express/persuade: Letter in role suggesting ideal location for wind farm x 1 week Apostrophes? Writing to express: Letter to the World Future Council in Costa Rica x 2 weeks Recap of Spring Term Grammar Summer Term GPS Objectives to be covered: - Punctuation for direct speech - Creating cohesion - pronouns and nouns to avoid repetition - Present perfect tense??(written in NC but	Week 1 &2: Writing to entertain. Red a Crayon's story. Grammar Focus: Conjunctions, commas for clarity. Week 3&4: Writing to express and inform. Description of a Viking warrior. Grammar Focus: Expanded noun phrases. Prepositions and Conjunctions. Week 5&6: Writing to entertain. Pentecost narrative. Grammar Focus: Punctuating direct speech. Fronted adverbials, commas for opening phrases Week 7&8: Writing to Entertain King and King Grammar Focus: Possessive apostrophe. Pronouns. (Understanding possession - pronouns and then words that need an apostrophe.) Week 9&10: Writing to entertain. Giraffe Problems - Jory John. Grammar Focus: Possessive apostrophe. Week 11: Writing to Express. Rock what ya got - Samantha Berger. Grammar Focus: Week 12: Writing to Express. Answering the project question. Is identity how others see us or how we see ourselves? Grammar Focus: Conjunctions to explain point of view.
			fighter's weapons, slave's curse etc. (You wouldn't want to be a Roman Gladiator. <i>Not taught 2021/22 due to Viney Hill residential</i> Week 8 and 9: Writing to express Boudicca's Speech. Grammar Recap: powerful verbs/emotive language Grammar New: Modal Verbs. Week 10 and 11: Writing to inform. Celtic warrior description.	6.	Future Council in Costa Rica x 2 weeks Recap of Spring Term Grammar Summer Term GPS Objectives to be covered: - Punctuation for direct speech - Creating cohesion - pronouns and nouns to avoid repetition - Present perfect	Week 11: Writing to Express. Rock what ya got - Samantha Berger. Grammar Focus: Week 12: Writing to Express. Answering the project question. Is identity how others see us or how we see ourselves? Grammar Focus: Conjunctions to explain point of

Year	Objective	Key Terminology for Pupils	Autumn:	Spring:	Summer:
5	Uses apostrophes correctly in most	Sentence	Writing to inform 2 week unit	Writing to inform unit 1: 2 weeks	Writing to Inform - Magazine Interview
	writing		Fairtrade and religious teachings.	Conjunctions - which conjunction for which job?	Humanism.
	Uses verb tenses consistently and	Apostrophe	Conjunctions	Full stop or comma - how can we tell which we	Grammar focus: Multi clause sentence,
	correctly throughout their writing			need? (learning needed before colons/semi-	Colon to introduce main clauses, Parenthesis,
		<mark>Tense</mark>	 Setting descriptions - physical and 	colons)	Relative clauses.
	Makes generally correct and appropriate use of the range of		human features of Egypt. 2 weeks		2. Narrative - where the wild things are.
	concepts taught in y5:	Coordinating Conjunction	Prepositional phrases	Writing to inform - Science and plastic.	Writing to express.
	Relative clauses including with an			Short pieces 2 x 1 week	Descriptive devices
	implied relative pronoun (This is the boy [that] I saw.)	Subordinating	2. Narrative - Tad Jones 2 weeks	Parenthesis and brackets	
	Expanded noun phrases (I saw the	Conjunction	Expanded noun phrases		3. Writing to express - the Red Tree.
	tall, green tree on the hill from my			3. Writing to express - narrative. 2 weeks.	Descriptive devices
	window.	Adverbial	3. Writing to inform 1 week - What	descriptive devices.	4. The Artist who painted a blue horse –
	Modal verbs Adverbials		jobs did people do in Egypt?	·	Text study
	Auverbiais	Comma (for clarity)	Conjunctions recap	4. Writing to express - Greta Thunberg 2	Authorial devices and intent.
	Continues to use a range of			weeks. Colons and semi-colons (*not	5. Writing to inform and entertain – A
	coordinating and subordinating	Relative Clause	4. Writing to express and inform:	essential in y5)	self- care guide.
	conjunctions effectively (besides, despite, whereas, with, therefore)		Letter describing the discovery of	(will need lesson identifying how we	Multiclause sentences . Different ways of
	despite, whereas, with, therefore,	Relative Pronoun	the Rosetta Stone	know a sentence has ended. What	opening sentences.
	Uses the range of punctuation		Relative clauses	punctuation can replace a full stop and	6. Writing to express - Responding to our
	taught at KS2 mostly correctly Commas to clarify	Expanded noun phrase		what never can.)	project question.
	Punctuation for parenthesis		5. Writing to express- who owns the	·	Grammar re-cap from all term.
	Semi colons, colons or dashes to	Modal verb	stone? 2 week unit.	5. Writing to inform (geog field work -	·
	mark boundaries between		Time conjunctions and adverbials	short) 1 week	
	independent clauses Colons for introducing lists	Parenthesis Parenthesis Parenthesis	,	Apostrophes??	
	Correct punctuation for direct			Birmingham'sThe population's	
	speech	Bracket		People's	
				City's/cities	
		<mark>Dash</mark>		1 lesson: To correctly use apostrophes	
				for possession early in sequence	
		Colon and Semi-colon		followed by starter activities in every	
				subsequent lesson (for the rest of the	
				half term?)	
				,	
				6. Writing to persuade - modal verbs 1	
				week	
				7. Science- Forces - recapping and	
				reinforcing commas for clarity	
				3	
				Summer Term GPS objectives to cover:	
				- hyphens	
				- Punctuation for direct speech	
				- Understanding cohesion and how it	
				can be created	

Substitution Control		1				
Columbia					underlining) - Introducing concept of appropriate	
Sentence Description Des	Year	Objective	Key Terminology for Pupils	Autumn:		Summer
Make generally correct and appropriate use of the range of concepts taught in vg. Passive verbs Perfect form of verbs to make relationships of time and cause Expanded noun phrases to convey exist authorizing with an implied relative pronoun Continues to use a range of confidenting (ext. file, no 9) and subordinating	6	and correctly throughout their		Sentence	To teach (Spring term) - Modal Verbs	Week 1: Writing to Inform. Science Living things.
AUT Spring Perfect form of verbs to make relationships of time and cuses including with an implied relative pronoun on interest to use a range of coordinating (ver, for, nor) and subordinating (ver, for, nor) and verbs, leave to use a range of coordinating (ver, for, nor) and verbs, leave to use a range of coordinating (ver, for, nor) and verbs, leave to use a range of the Dawn Treader x 2 weeks. Semi Colon 3/4 Perfect form Passive Voice Semi Colon Aut Colon Spring Semi Colon Aut Colon Spring Subordinating Conjunction 1. RE: Writing to inform? 4. English lessons + 3 Project afternoons and introduce colons from the leaves weeks. Current Planning: Revision lessons on multiclause sentences, wide punctuation & Specch possible 2021 focus: Speech (vertical possible 2021 focu					- Colons and semi -colons	Grammar Focus: Figurative language, openers
Perfect form of werbs to make relationships of time and cause Expanded noun phrases to convey information concisely Modal werbs and adverbs. Relative clauses including with an implied relative pronound continuing (yet, for, nor) and subordinating (yet, for, nor) and yet, for yet,						
relationships of time and cause Expanded noun phrases to convey information concisely Modal verbs and adverb; Relative clauses including with an implied relative pronoun Continues to use a range of coordinating (ker, for, nor) and subordinating (ker, for, nor) conjunctions effectively Relative Clause AUT Spring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Perfect form Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Avertial Busine Pronounal Aut Spring Avertial Busine				Subordinating Conjunction	_	
convey information concisely Modal verbs and adverbs hade werbs and sub-residuating moreowers and sub-residuating fractive from and sub-ordinating fiverency subsequently, consequently). Continues to use a range of coordinating (very convey) and sub-ordinating fiverency subsequently, consequently). Conjunctions effectively Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Perfect form AUT ColonSpring ColonSpring Perfect form AUT ColonSpring ColonSpring Convey information concisely Modal verb is Relative clause within ENP and Biltz writing to Express. Oh the places you'll Go. Grammar Focus: NA rhythm and rhyme focus. Week 68.7: Writing to Express. Oh the places you'll Go. Grammar Focus: NA rhythm and rhyme focus. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express. Answering our project question. Week 8: Writing to Express Projects and Project		relationships of time and cause		Expanded Noun Phrase	,	Grammar Focus : Speech, Conjunctions,
Relative clauses including with an implied relative pronoun (Continues to use a range of coordinating (yet, for, nor) and subordinating (moreover, subsequently) conjunctions effectively) Relative Clause within ENP Proposition AUT Relative Pronoun aut Spring Perfect form Aut Passive Voice Aut Spring Semi Colon Aut Colon Spring Relative Clause within ENP Relative Pronoun within ENP Relative Pronoun within ENP Proposition AUT Relative Pronoun within ENP Relative Pronoun within ENP Proposition AUT Semi Colon 1/2 Semi Colon Aut Colon Spring Relative Clause within ENP Relative Pronoun within ENP Relative Pronoun within ENP Proposition AUT Relative Pronoun within ENP Proposition AUT Semi Colon 1/2 Semi Colon Mut Colon Spring Relative Clause within ENP Relative Pronoun within ENP Proposition AUT Colon Spring Relative Pronoun within ENP Proposition AUT Current Planning: Revison lessons on model within paragraphs (openes) and palaning (au sever in Whaley Bridge and had to be evacuated. X1 week Current Planning: Guestine Colon Spring Semi Colon 1/2 Semi Colon 1/2 Semi Colon 1/2 Semi Colon Spring Semi Colon AUT Colon Spring S		convey information concisely		Preposition within ENP and Blitz writing	, -	
an implied relative pronoun Continues to use a range of coordinating (express.) Adverts/Adverbia Preposition Aut Spring Relative Clause Aut Spring Perfect form Aut Semi Colon Aut Semi Colon Spring Perfect form Aut Semi Colon Spring Semi Col			Phrase AUT		Current planning: Revision lessons on multi-	
Continues to use a range of coordinating (rever, for, nor) and subordinating (moreover, subsequently, consequently) conjunctions effectively Relative Clause AUT Passive Voice Semi Colon Ys Relative Pronoun Aut Spring Perfect form Passive Voice Semi Colon Ys Relative Pronoun Aut Spring Perfect form Passive Voice Aut Spring Perfect form Passive Voice Aut Spring Perfect form Perfect form Passive Voice Aut Spring Perfect form Perfect form Passive Voice Aut Spring Perfect form Perfect form Passive Voice Perfect form Perfect				Relative Clause within ENP	·	
coordinating (yet, for, nor) and subordinating (moreover, subsequently, consequently) conjunctions effectively Relative Clause AUT Spring Relative Pronoun AUT Spring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice Aut Spring Perfect form Aut Colon Spring Spring Colon			Modal verb Spring	D. L. C. D. C.	1 •	'
subordinating (moreover, subsequently, consequently) conjunctions effectively Preposition AUT Relative Clause AUT Spring Relative Pronoun AUT Spring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT Colon Spring Semi Colon AUT Current Planning: Grammar lesson on colons, final lesson o		_	Advorb / Advorbial	Relative Pronoun within ENP	*	Grammar Focus: NA rnythm and rnyme focus.
subsequently, consequently) conjunctions effectively Relative Clause AuT Spring Relative Pronoun AuT Spring Perfect form AuT Passive Voice Aut Spring Semi Colon Aut Colon Spring Semi		9 1, 1	Adverb/Adverbial	Perfect form	punctuation/ dialogue to move a narrative on.	Week 8: Writing to Express Answering our
conjunctions effectively Relative Clause Spring Relative Pronoun AUT Spring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT Colon Spring Semi Colon AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT Semi Colon AUT Colon Spring Semi Colon AUT Colon Spring Semi Colon AUT Colon Spring Semi Colon AUT Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Se			Preposition AUT		3. Writing to express- diary in role. Imagining you	5 ,
Spring Relative Pronoun AUT Spring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Semi Colon Spring ColonSpring Co		conjunctions effectively		Passive Voice	were in Whaley Bridge and had to be evacuated.	
Relative Pronoun AUT Spring Perfect form AUT Passive Voice AUT Spring Semi Colon AUT ColonSpring Semi Colon Spring AUT ColonSpring Grammar. 4. Writing to Express- poetry x 1 week Current Planning: Vocab level focus Possible 2021: Keep as it is? 5. Narrative - A Long Walk to Water x 2 weeks Current Planning: Grammar lesson on colons, final lesson on controlling tense. Possible 2021 Focus: Cohesion across and within paragraphs (openers and planning) 6. Writing to express - Village Drill Letters x 2 weeks Current Planning: Sentence level lessons focus on modal verbs, relative clauses, subordinating			Relative Clause AUT			
Relative Pronoun Spring Possible 2021 focus: Adverbs/Adverbials for 1 lesson? 4. Writing to Express- poetry x 1 week Current Planning: Vocab level focus Possible 2021: Keep as it is? Semi Colon AUT Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Colon Spring Colon Spring Colon Spring Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Semi Colon Spring Colo			Spring	Semi Colon ½		
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weeks Current Planning: Sentence level lessons focus on modal verbs, relative clauses, subordinating					within paragraphs (openers and planning)	
Current Planning: Sentence level lessons focus on modal verbs, relative clauses, subordinating						
on modal verbs, relative clauses, subordinating						
conjunctions and passive voice.					conjunctions and passive voice.	

	Possible 2021: Keep as it is? Modal covered through this.	verbs will be
	7. Science. Writing to inform (and en Not taught in 2020. Opportunity fo non-fiction.	
	Notes/Things to consider: Y6 Writing in the Spring term needs continually evidence all required gr Sequences should provide sentence lessons with opportunities to revise rehearse multiple grammatical feat context. Cohesion can be covered within even within both reading as a writer less the planning stage.	ammar. e level e and cures in ery sequence